

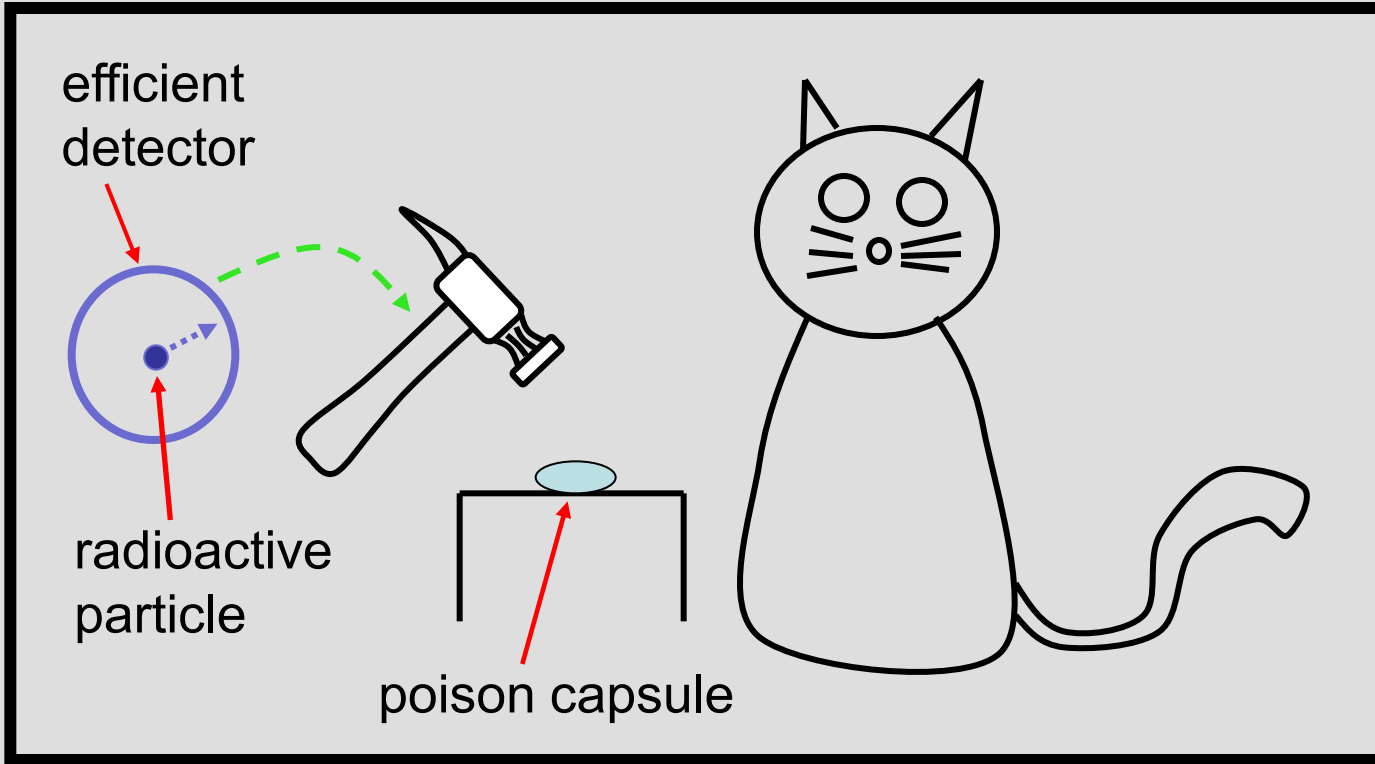
# Superposition, Entanglement, and Raising Schrödinger's Cat

D. J. Wineland, NIST, Boulder, CO

A detailed micrograph of a quantum circuit, likely a superconducting qubit circuit, showing intricate patterns of metal lines and structures. The NIST logo is visible in the center of the image.

NIST

# Erwin Schrödinger's Cat (1935)

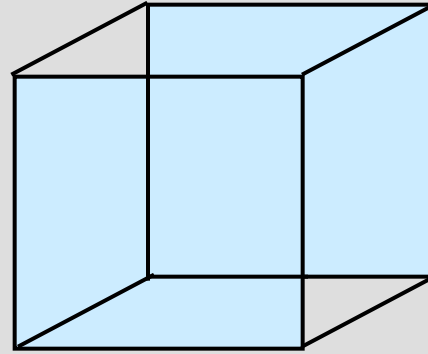


At "half-life of particle, quantum mechanics says cat is simultaneously dead and alive!

**"superposition"**  $\Psi = \left| \text{circle with dot} \right\rangle \left| \text{cat with whiskers} \right\rangle + \left| \text{circle with dot and arrow} \right\rangle \left| \text{cat with X eyes} \right\rangle$

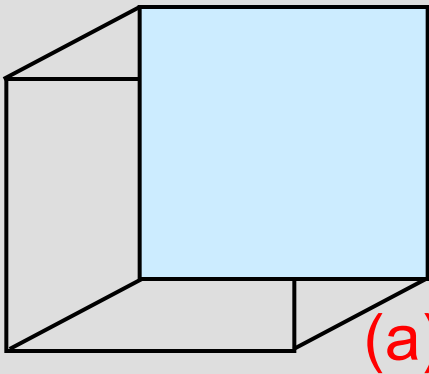
# Analog of quantum superposition

two “states” of a box

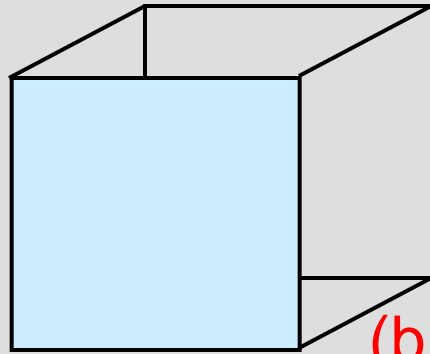


?

(a) and (b)



(a)

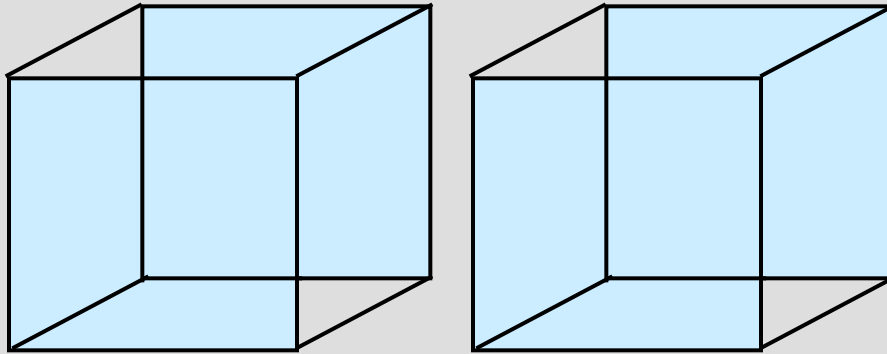


(b)

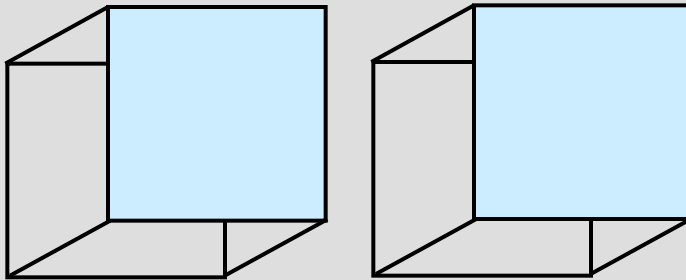
1. ambiguity about which state the box is in.  
Box possesses both properties simultaneously
2. quantum measurement: collapse or “projection” into either state (a) or (b)

# Analog of quantum entanglement

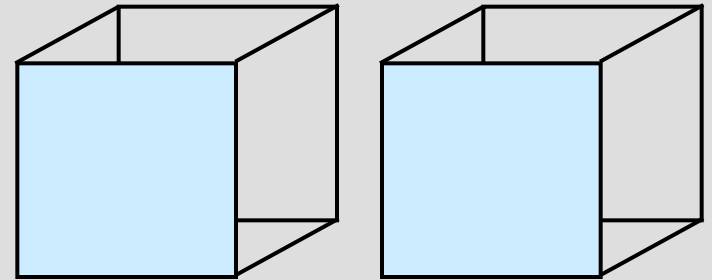
two entangled  
boxes:



tend to  
see:

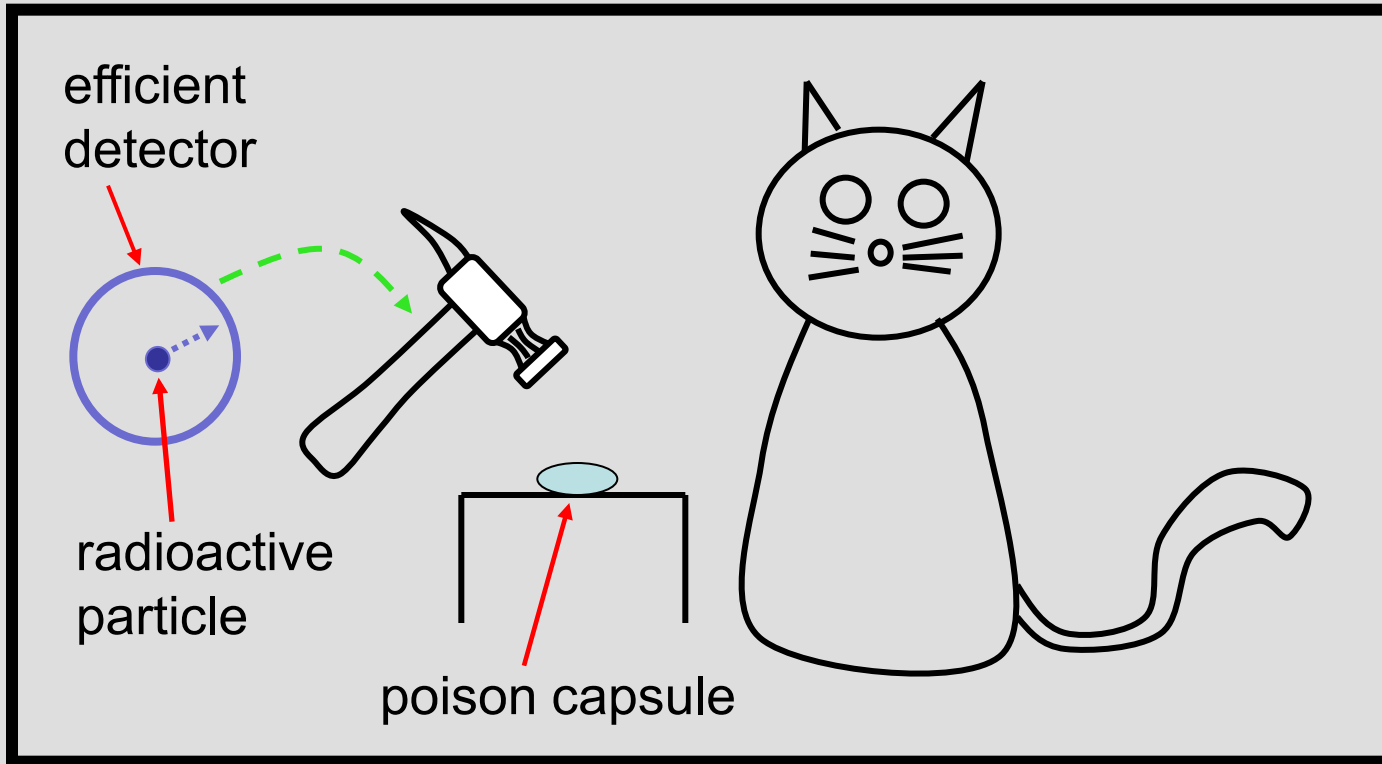


or:



“measured” states of boxes are correlated

# Erwin Schrödinger's Cat (1935)



at half-life:  $\Psi = \left| \begin{array}{c} \text{circle with dot} \\ \text{circle with dot and arrow} \end{array} \right\rangle \left| \begin{array}{c} \text{cat face} \\ \text{cat face with X's} \end{array} \right\rangle + \left| \begin{array}{c} \text{circle with dot} \\ \text{circle with dot and arrow} \end{array} \right\rangle \left| \begin{array}{c} \text{cat face} \\ \text{cat face with X's} \end{array} \right\rangle$

- state of cat is “entangled” with state of radioactive particle
- measured states are correlated

## Schrödinger (1952):

“We never experiment with just one electron or atom or (small) molecule. In thought experiments, we sometimes assume that we do; this invariably entails ridiculous consequences...”

## But now we can enter this world!

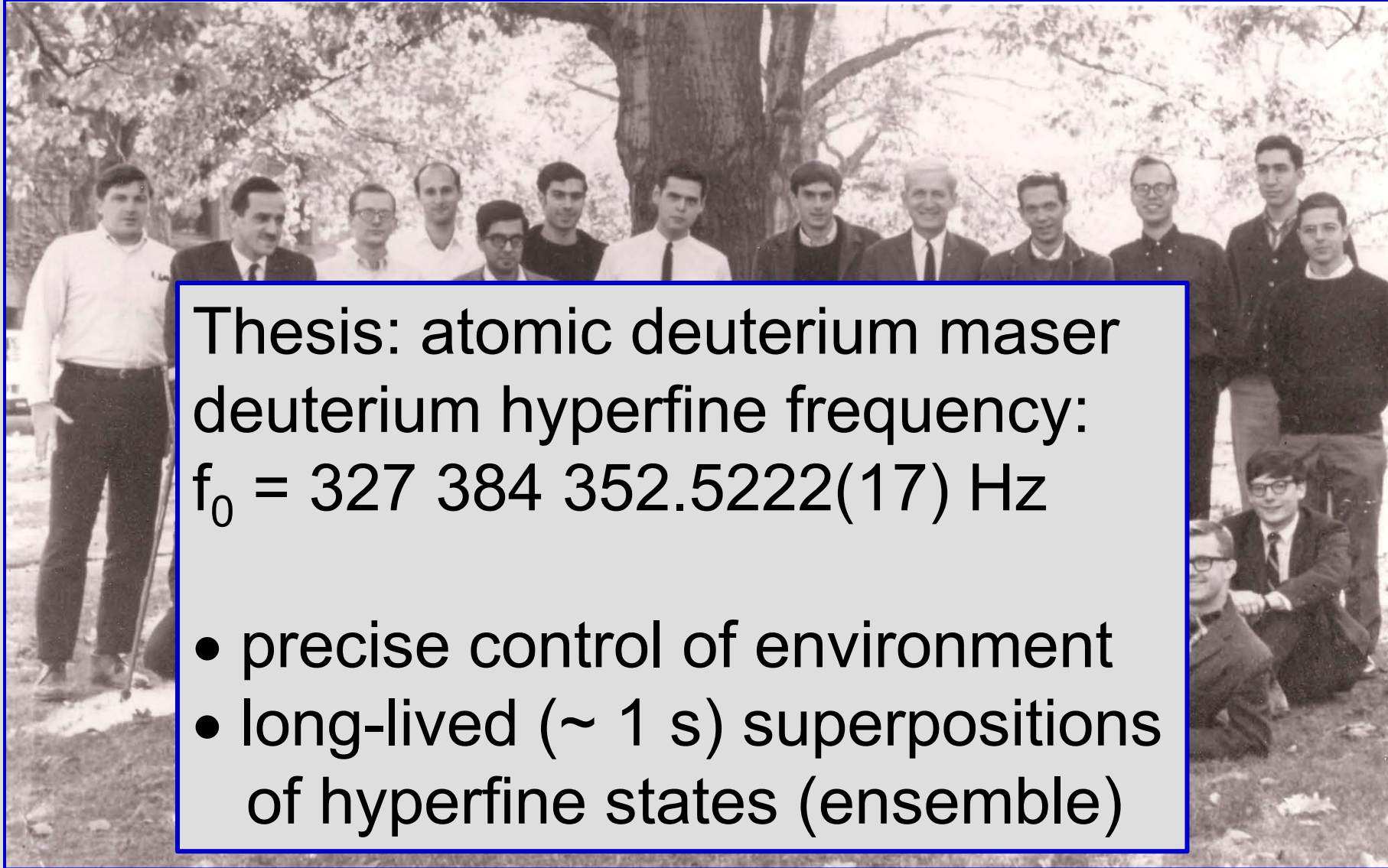
Need:

- \* precise control + isolation from environment
- \* simple small systems
  - e.g., single or small groups of particles

## The development:

- \* personal story + the work of many others

# Norman Ramsey's group, Harvard, 1966



Ed Uzgiris Andrew Chakulski Tom English Doug Brenner Ashok Kosha

Tom Follett

Dave Wineland Norman Pat Gibbons Paul Zitzewitz

Bill Edelstein Roger Hegstrom

Keith McAdam

Peter Moulton

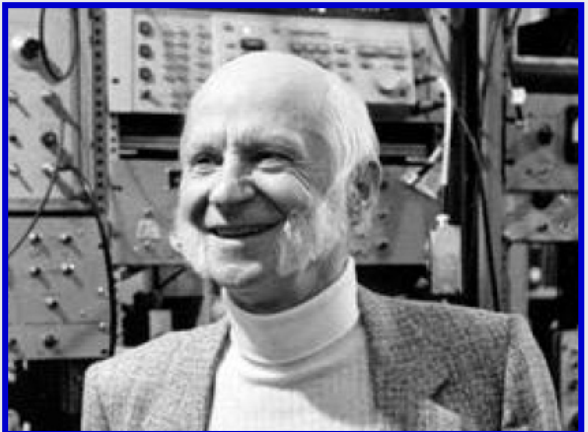
Bob Hilborn

Peter Valberg

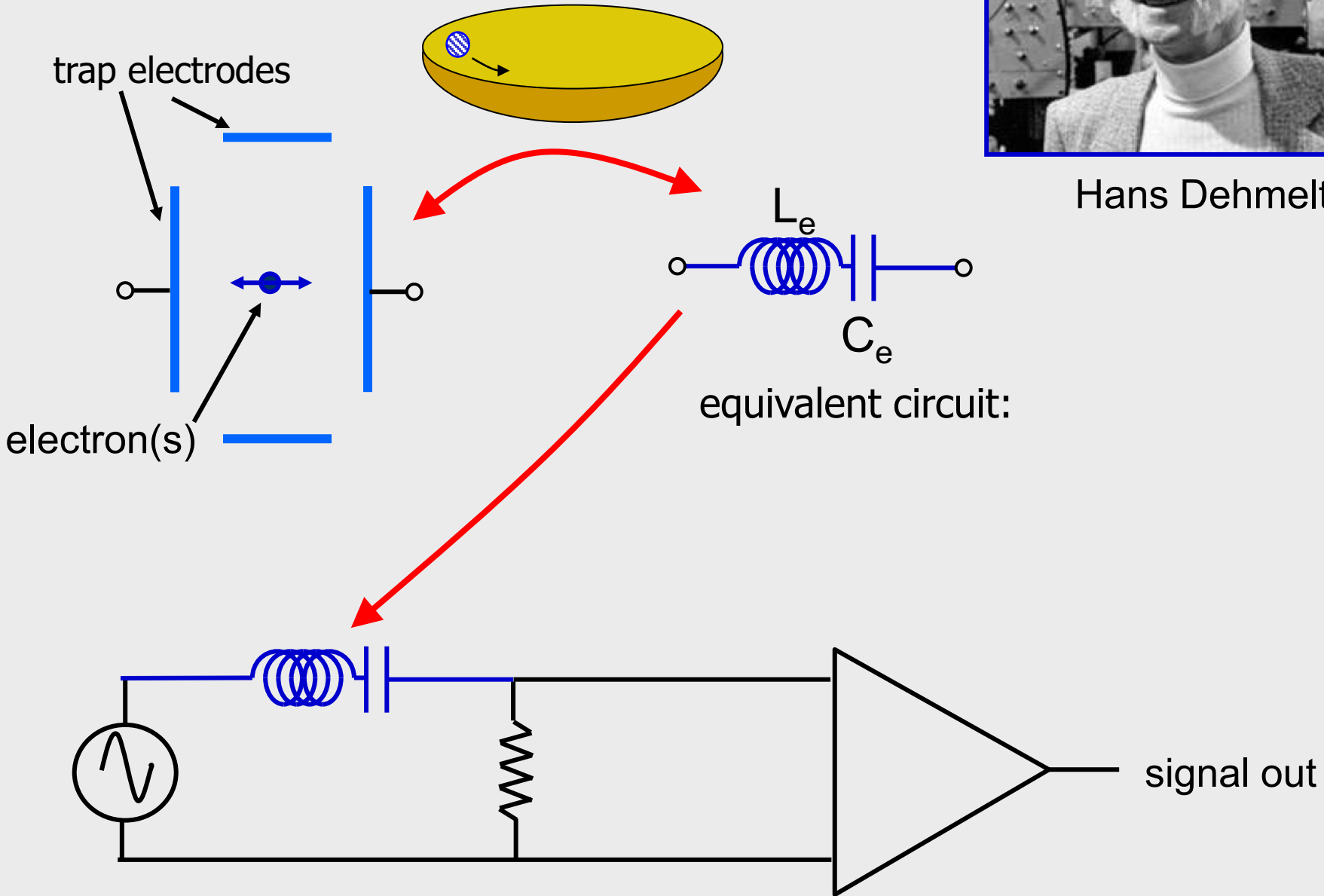
Frank Winkler

Fraser Code

# On to Hans Dehmelt's lab: trapped electrons/ions



Hans Dehmelt

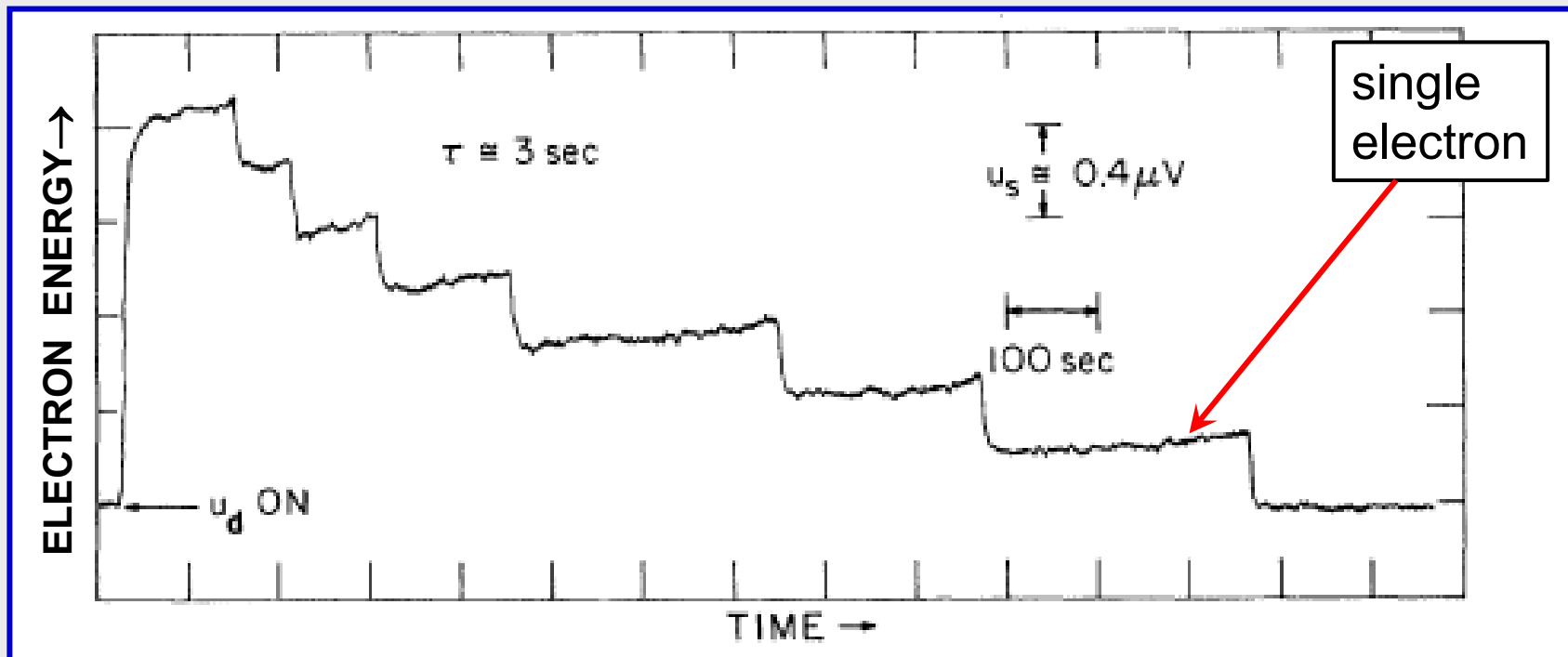




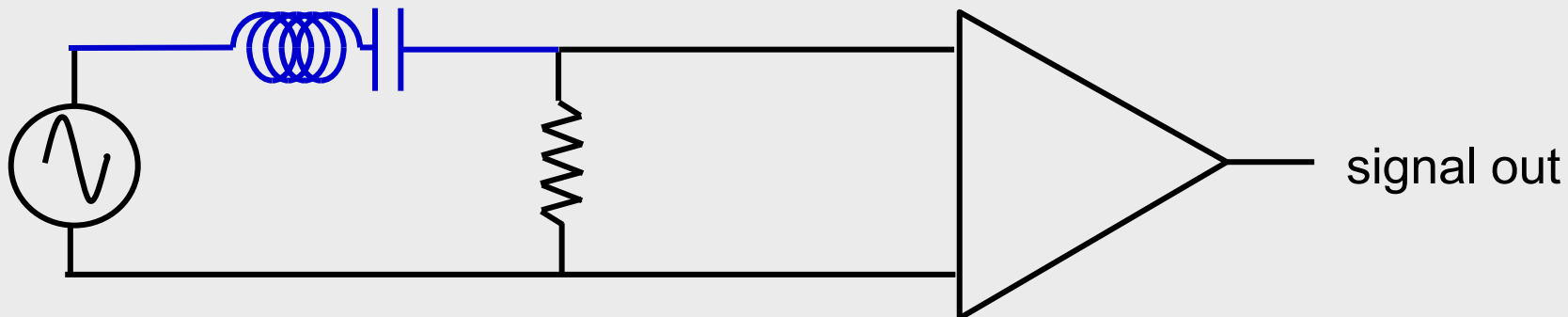
# Single electrons

precursor to measurement of  $\mu_{\text{electron}}$

R. S. Van Dyck, P. Ekstrom, H. Dehmelt, Phys. Rev. Lett. **38**, 310 (1977)



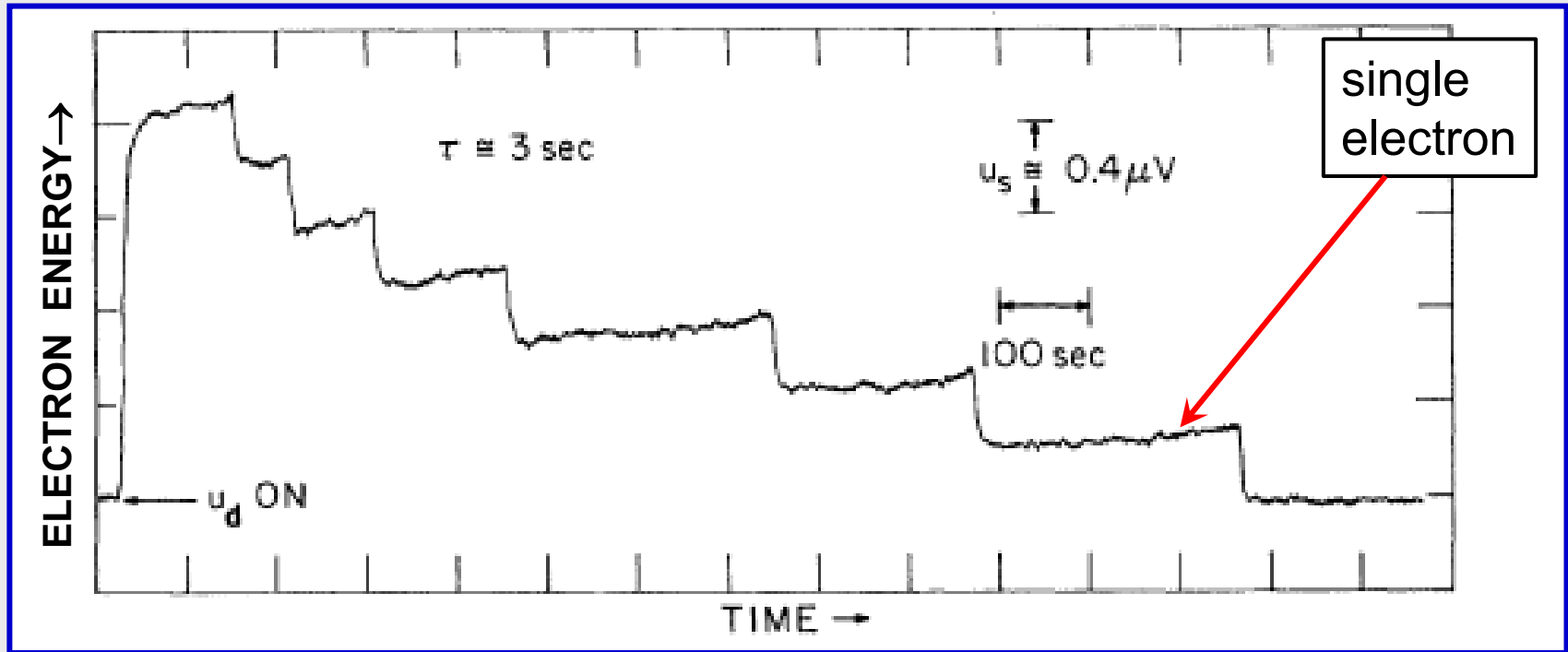
D. Wineland, P. Ekstrom, and H. Dehmelt, Phys. Rev. Lett. 31, 1279 (1973).



# Single electrons

precursor to measurement of  $\mu_{\text{electron}}$

R. S. Van Dyck, P. Ekstrom, H. Dehmelt, Phys. Rev. Lett. **38**, 310 (1977)



D. Wineland, P. Ekstrom, and H. Dehmelt, Phys. Rev. Lett. 31, 1279 (1973).

and, some ideas about laser cooling

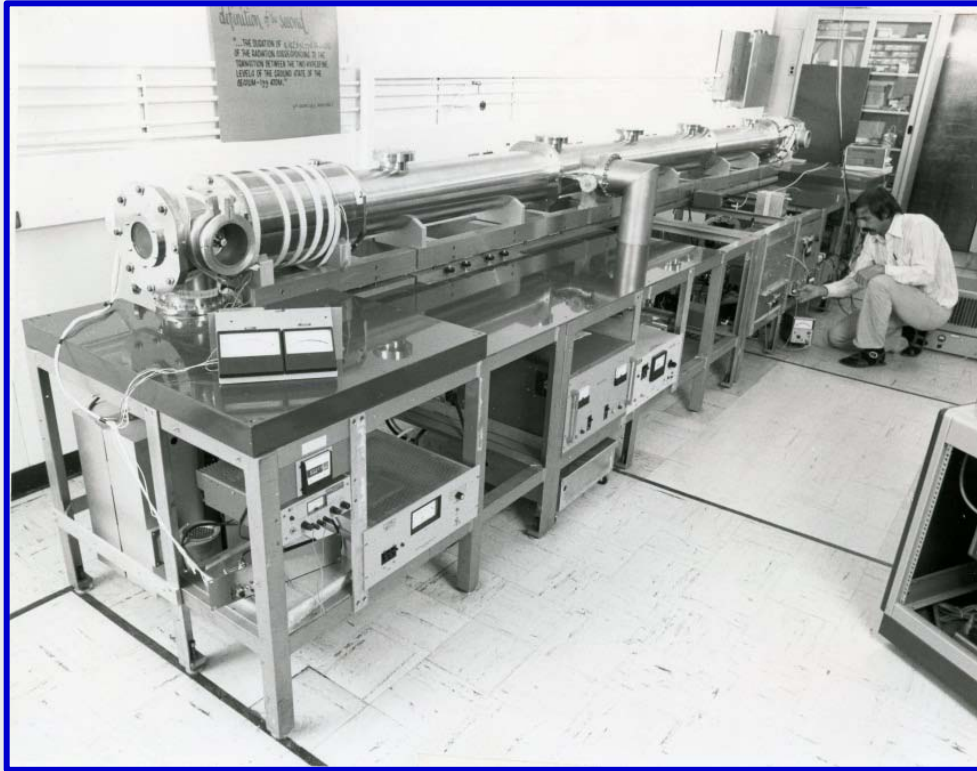
D.J. Wineland and H. Dehmelt, Bulletin, Am. Phys. Soc. **20**, 637 (1975)

concurrently,

T. W. Hänsch and A. L. Schawlow, Opt. Comm. **13**, 68 (1975)

# On to NIST

(then NBS, National Bureau of Standards)



Cs beam frequency standard  
“NBS-6”



Helmut Hellwig

### Optical-Sideband Cooling of Visible Atom Cloud Confined in Parabolic Well

W. Neuhauser, M. Hohenstatt, and P. Toschek

*Institut für Angewandte Physik I der Universität Heidelberg, D-69 Heidelberg, West Germany*

and

H. Dehmelt

*Department of Physics, University of Washington, Seattle, Washington 98195*

(Received 25 April 1978)

An assemblage of  $< 50 \text{ Ba}^+$  ions, contained in a parabolic well, has been visually observed and cooled by means of near-resonant laser irradiation.



Peter Toschek

### Radiation-Pressure Cooling of Bound Resonant

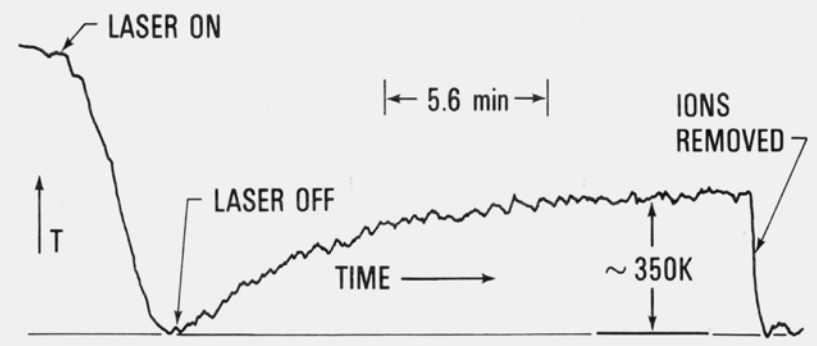
D. J. Wineland, R. E. Drullinger, and F. L.

*Time and Frequency Division, National Bureau of Standards, Boulder, Colorado*

(Received 26 April 1978)

We report the first observation of radiation-pressure cooling of absorbers which are elastically bound to a laboratory fixed apparatus. Ions confined in a Penning electromagnetic trap are cooled to  $< 40 \text{ K}$  by irradiation with the  $8\text{-}\mu\text{W}$  output of a frequency doubled, single-mode dye laser tuned to the red side of the Doppler profile on the  $^2S_{1/2} \leftrightarrow ^2P_{3/2} (M_J = +\frac{1}{2} \leftrightarrow M_J = +\frac{3}{2})$  transitions. Cooling to approximately  $10^{-3} \text{ K}$  should be possible.

↑ induced current noise



1979

Jim Bergquist

Dave Wineland

Bob Drullinger

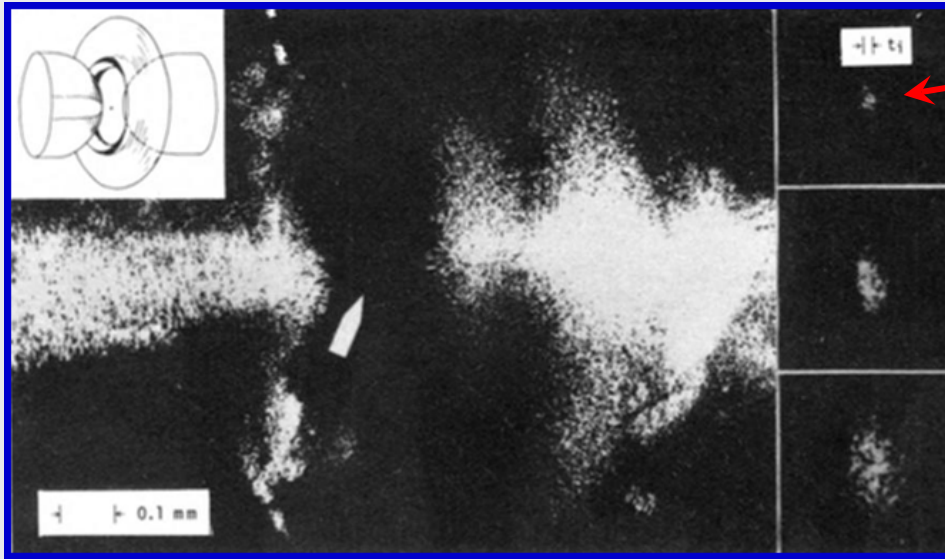
Wayne Itano



2012

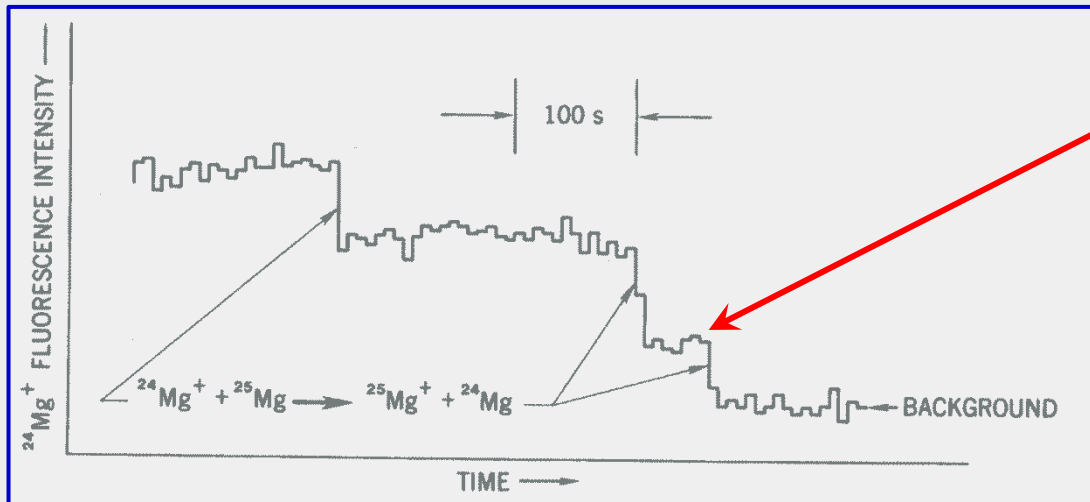


# Individual ions:



single  $\text{Ba}^+$  ion

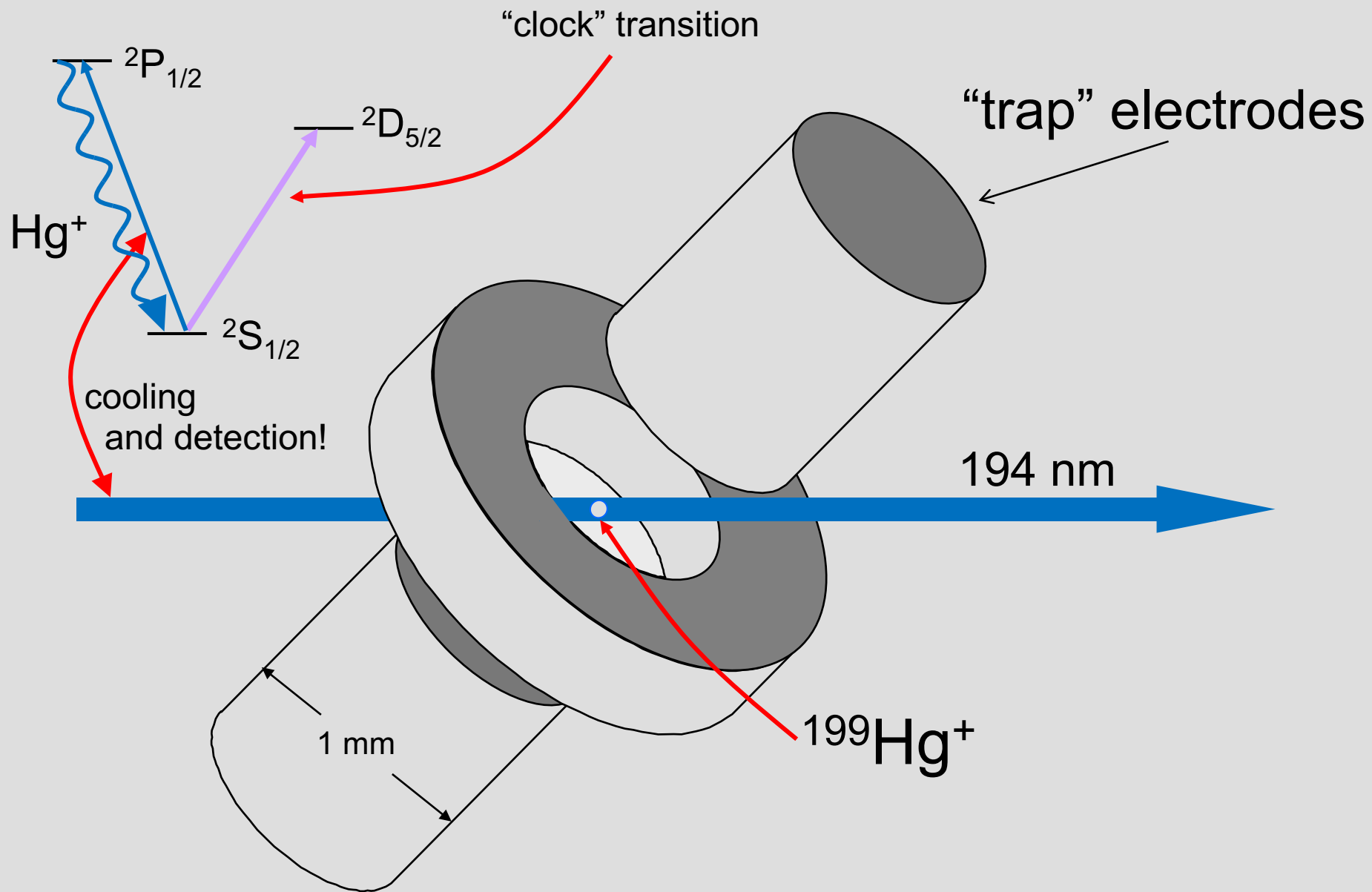
W. Neuhauser, M. Hohenstatt,  
P. Toschek, H. Dehmelt,  
Phys. Rev. A **22**, 1137 (1980).



single  $^{24}\text{Mg}^+$  ion

D.J. Wineland and W. M. Itano,  
Phys. Lett. 82A, 75-78 (1981).

# Single $\text{Hg}^+$ ion experiments at NIST



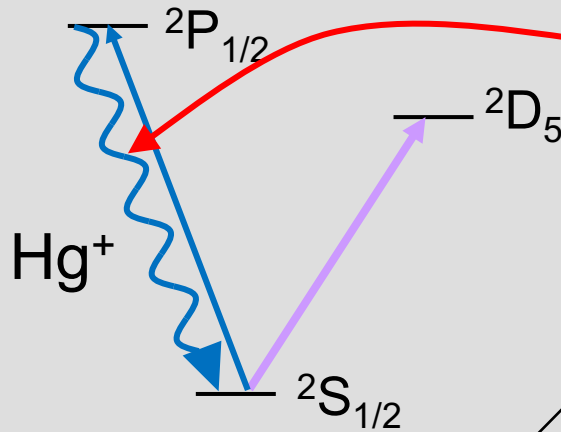
# “Quantum jumps”

See abrupt changes in scattered light (fluorescence) when ion changes clock states

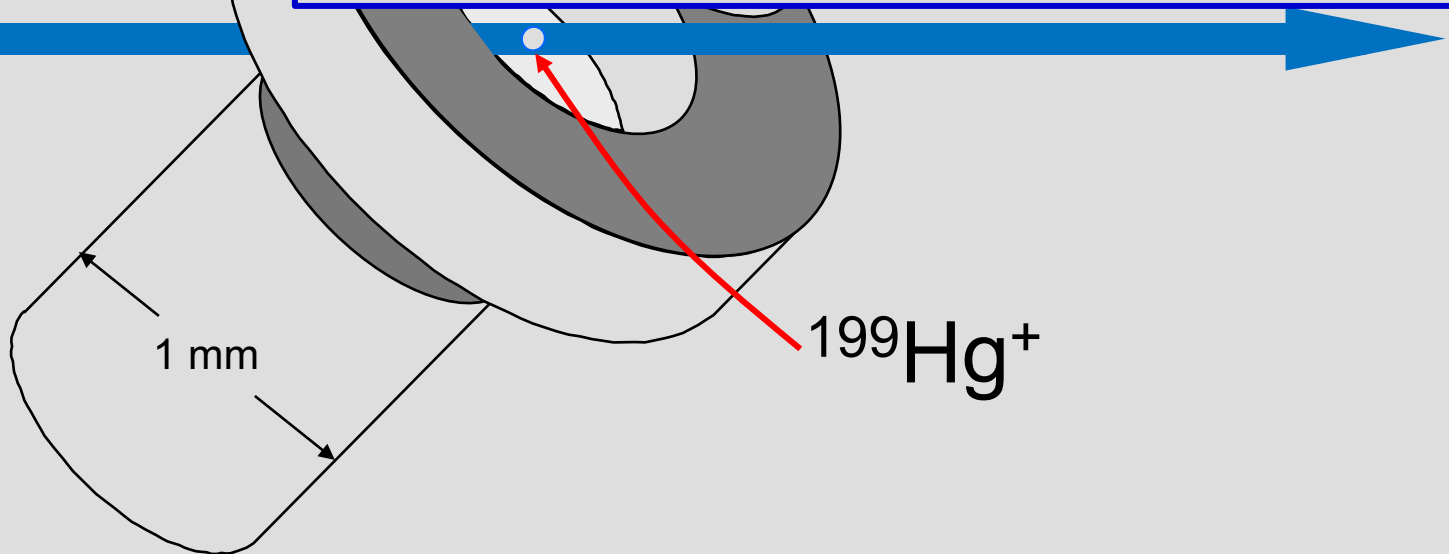
\* W. Nagourney, J. Sandberg, and H. Dehmelt, Phys. Rev. Lett. 56, 2797 (1986).

\* Th. Sauter, W. Neuhauser, R. Blatt, and P.E. Toschek, Phys. Rev. Lett. 57, 1696 (1986).

\* J.C. Bergquist, R.G. Hulet, W.M. Itano, and D.J. Wineland, Phys. Rev. Lett. 57, 1699 (1986).



cooling  
and detection!



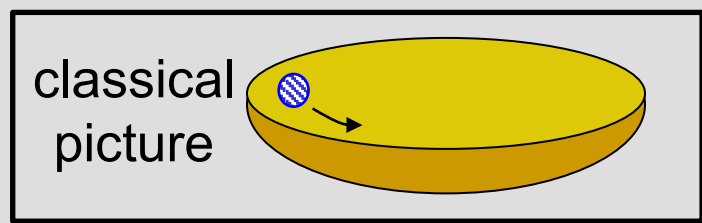
$^{199}\text{Hg}^+$



# Quantum Jumps of a Single Ion

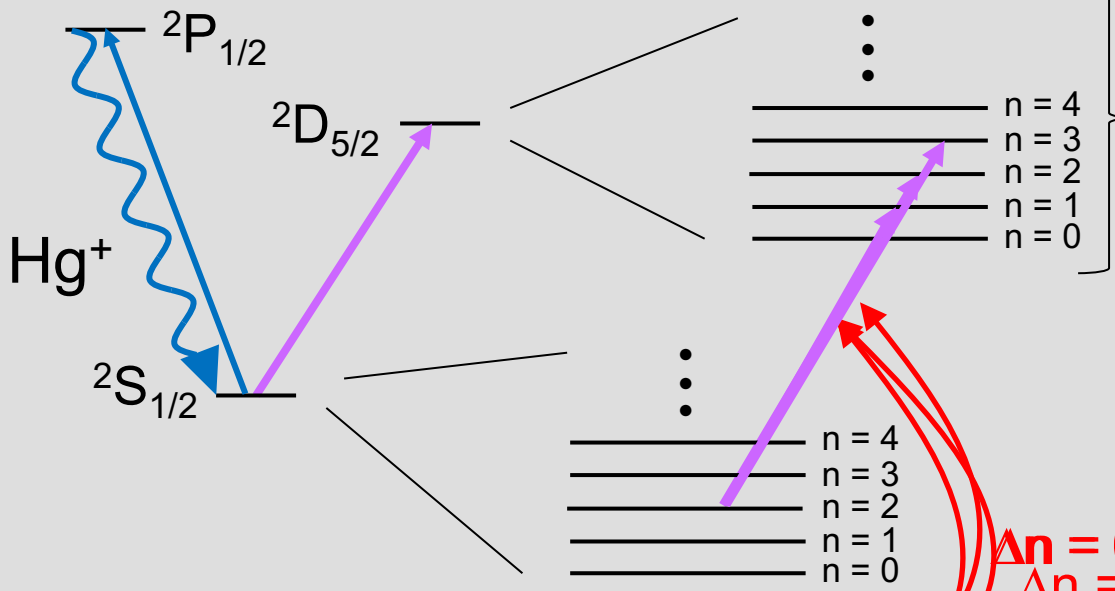
“Quantum Jumps I” (1986 release)

# Quantized motion?:



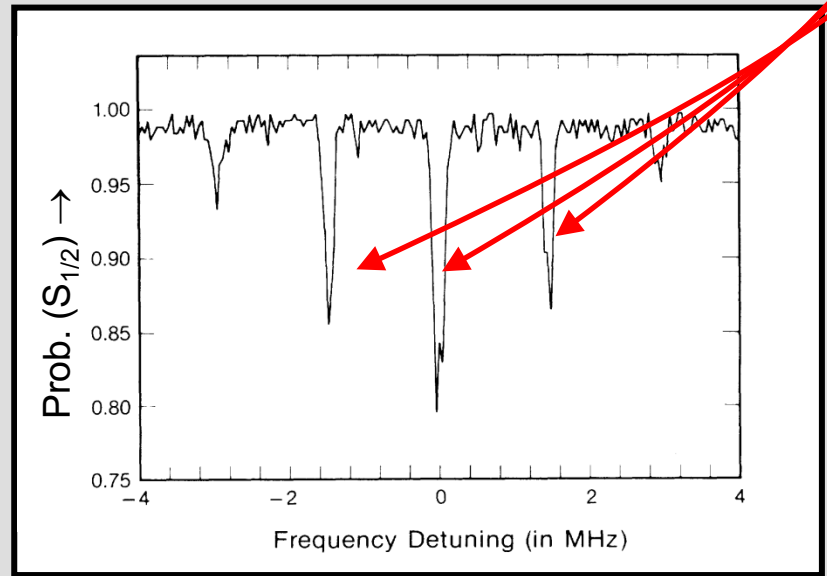
motion energy levels

quantum picture



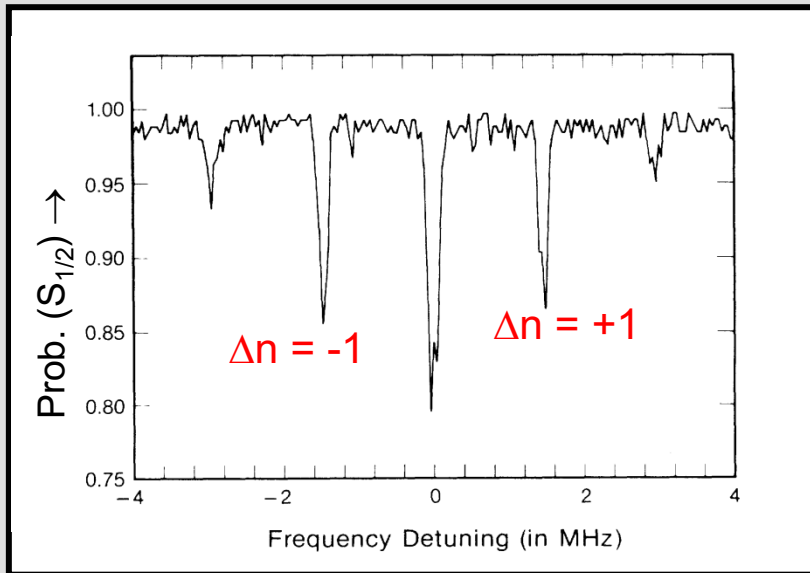
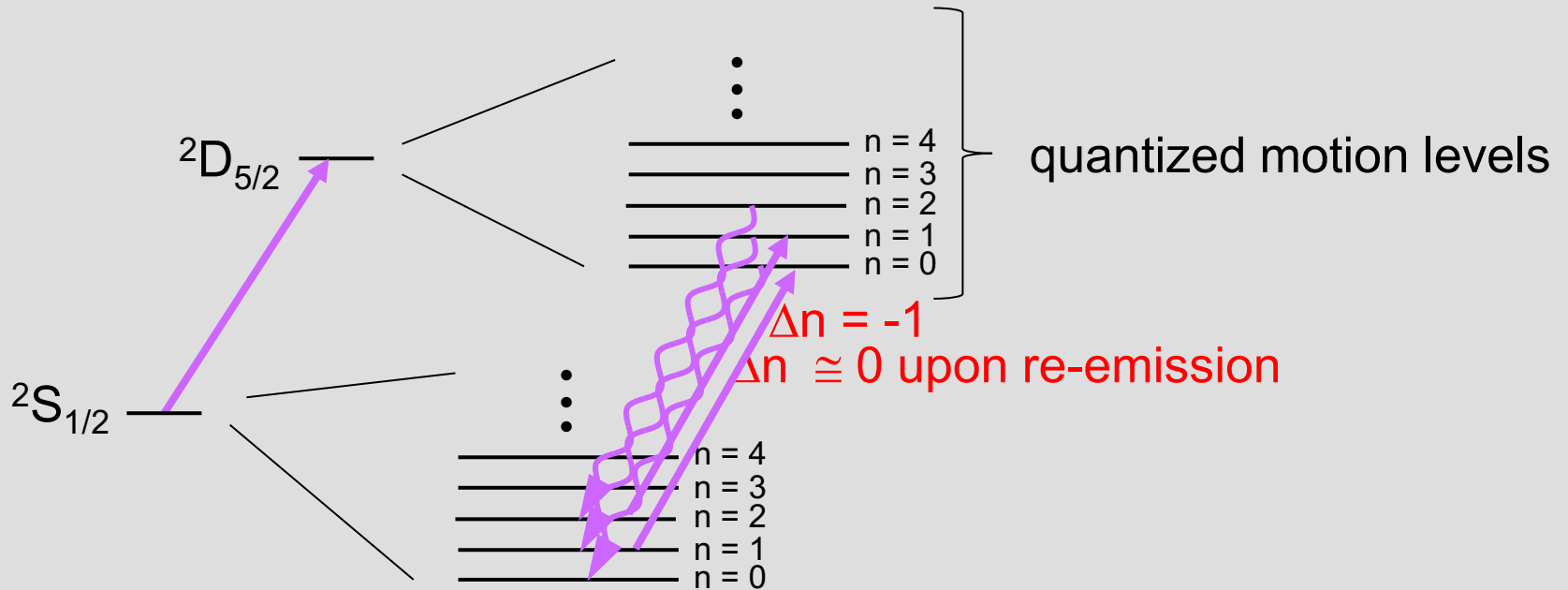
$\Delta n = +1$   
 $\Delta n = -1$

spectrum of  $2S_{1/2} \rightarrow 2D_{5/2}$  clock transition

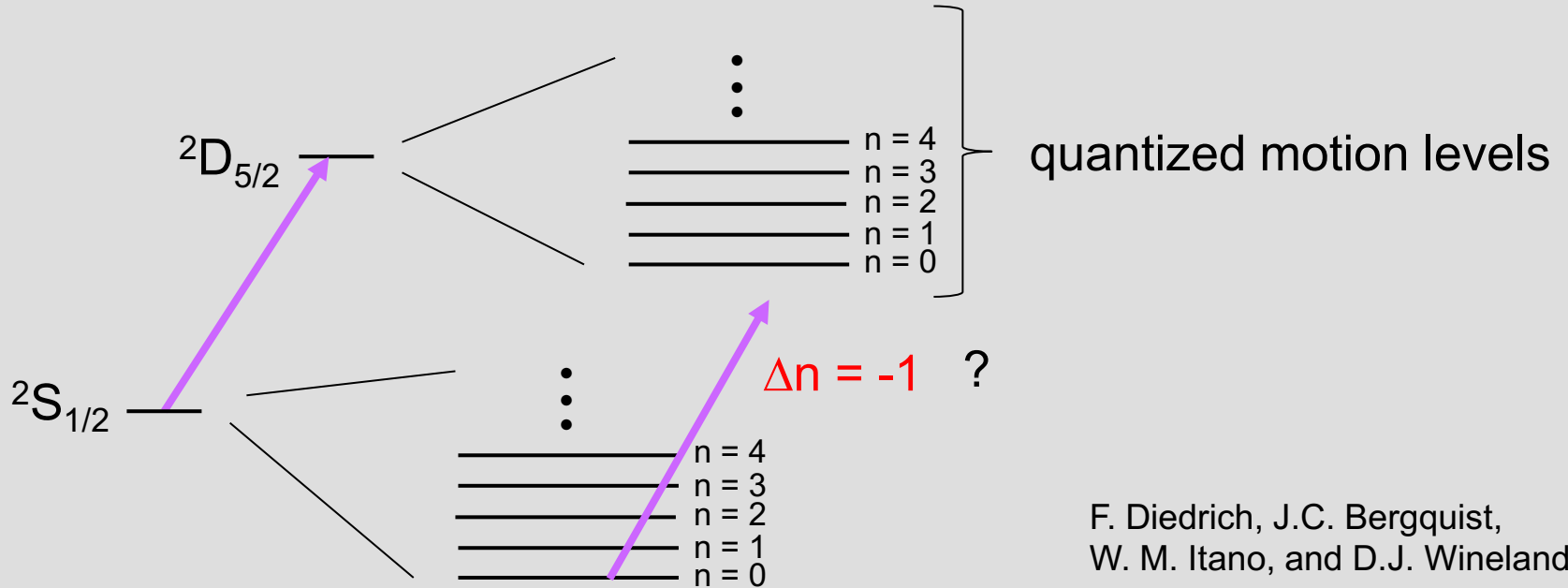


J. C. Bergquist, W. M. Itano, D. J. Wineland, Phys. Rev. A **36**, 428 (1987).

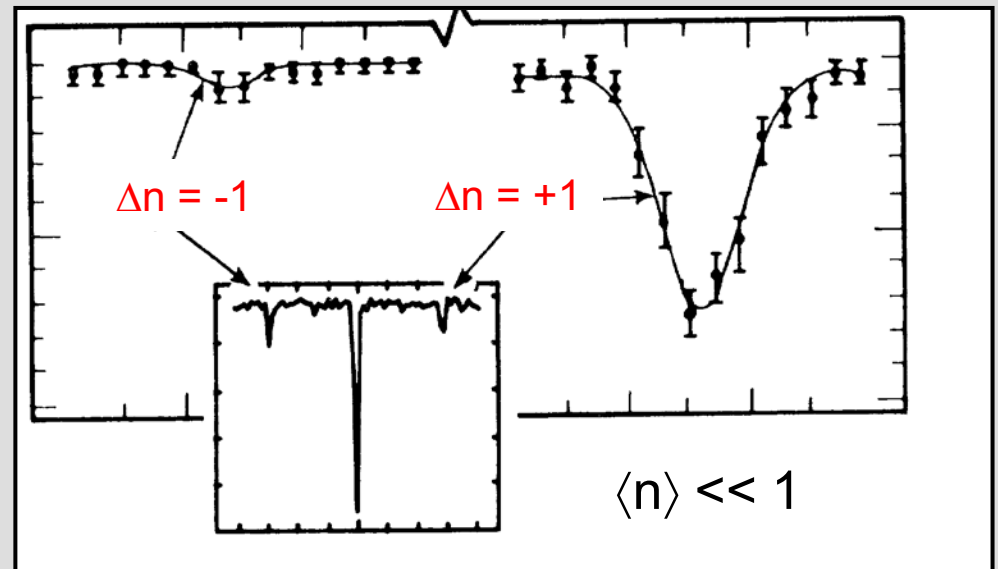
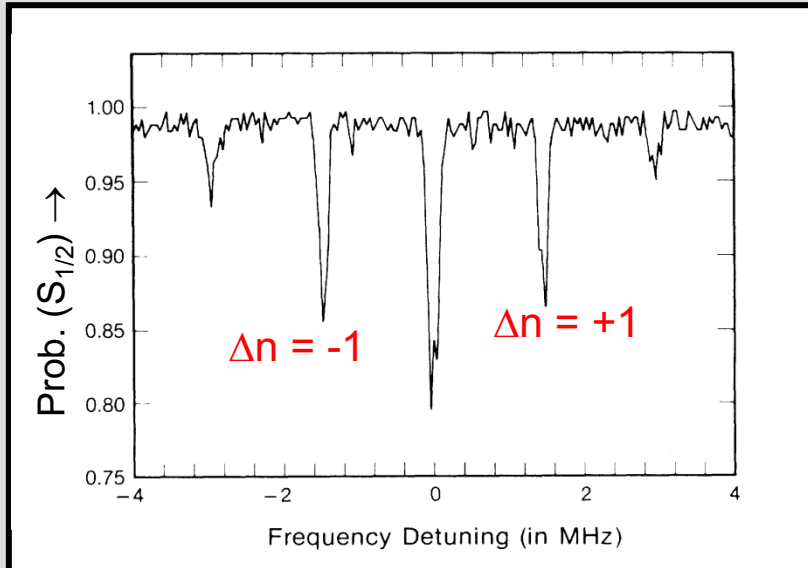
# Cooling to the ground state of motion



# Cooling to the ground state of motion



F. Diedrich, J.C. Bergquist,  
W. M. Itano, and D.J. Wineland,  
Phys. Rev. Lett. 62, 403 (1989).

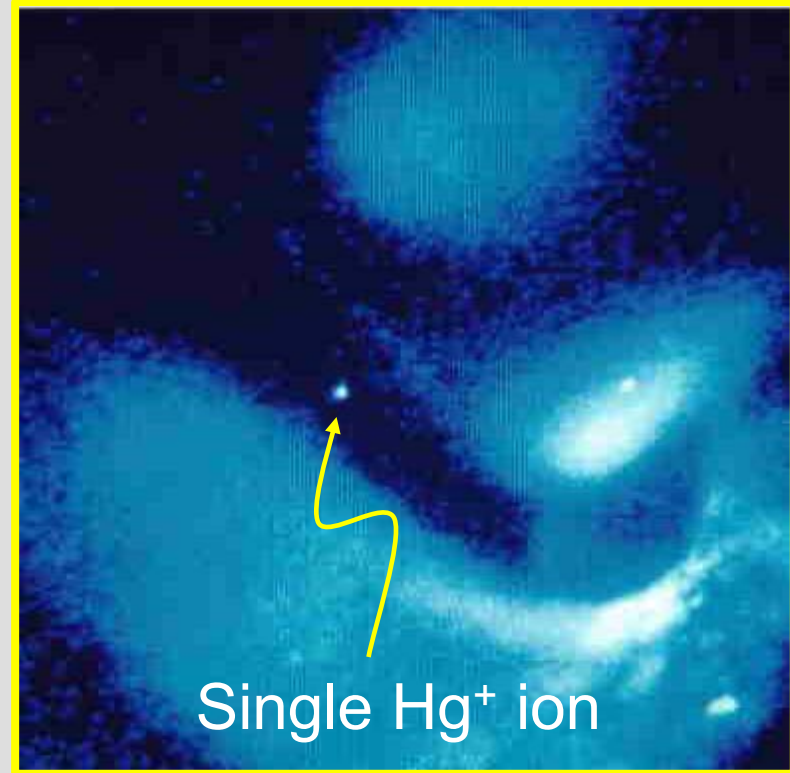


# Single ions for (optical) clocks:

J. C. Bergquist et al., 1981 →



Jim Bergquist



- trapping  $\Rightarrow$  first-order Doppler shift  $\rightarrow 0$
- trapping + laser cooling  $\Rightarrow$  time dilation  $\rightarrow 0$
- trapping in high vacuum at low temp  
 $\Rightarrow$  environmental perturbations (collisions, black body shifts, etc.)  $\rightarrow 0$

# Enter quantum information processing

Richard Feynman, David Deutsch, Paul Benioff,...(1980's)



Peter Shor: algorithm for efficient number factoring on a quantum computer (~ 1994)



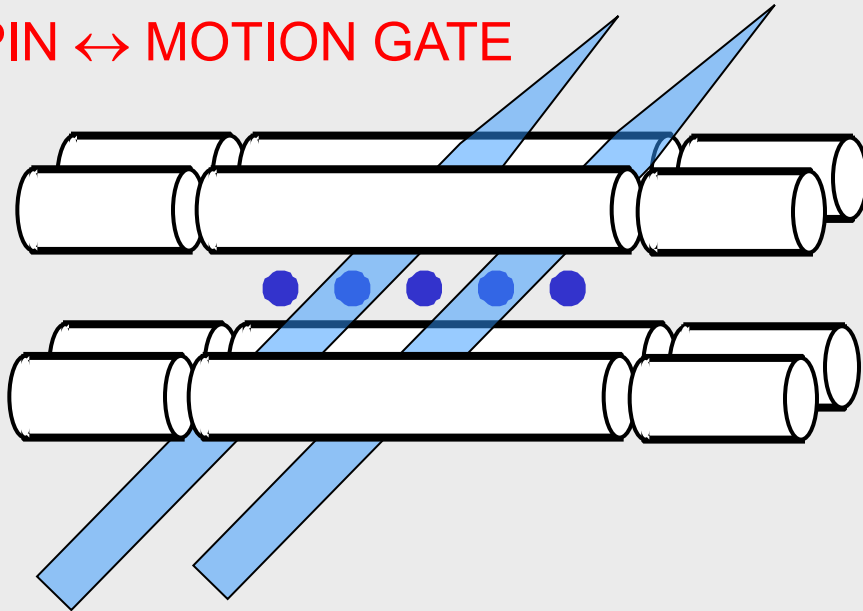
Artur Ekert: presentation at the 1994 International Conference on Atomic Physics  
Boulder, Colorado

# Atomic Ion Quantum Computation:

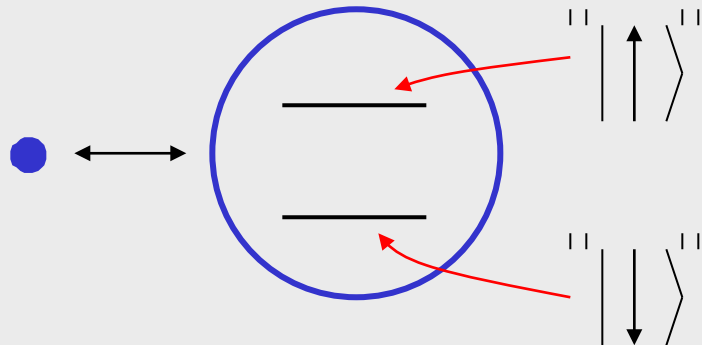
(J. I. Cirac, P. Zoller, Phys. Rev. Lett. **74**, 4091 (1995))

SPIN  $\rightarrow$  MOTION MAP

SPIN  $\leftrightarrow$  MOTION GATE



INTERNAL STATE "QUBIT"



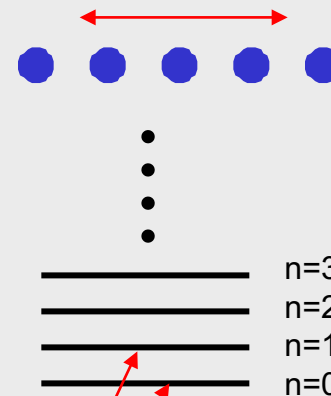
Ignacio Cirac



Peter Zoller

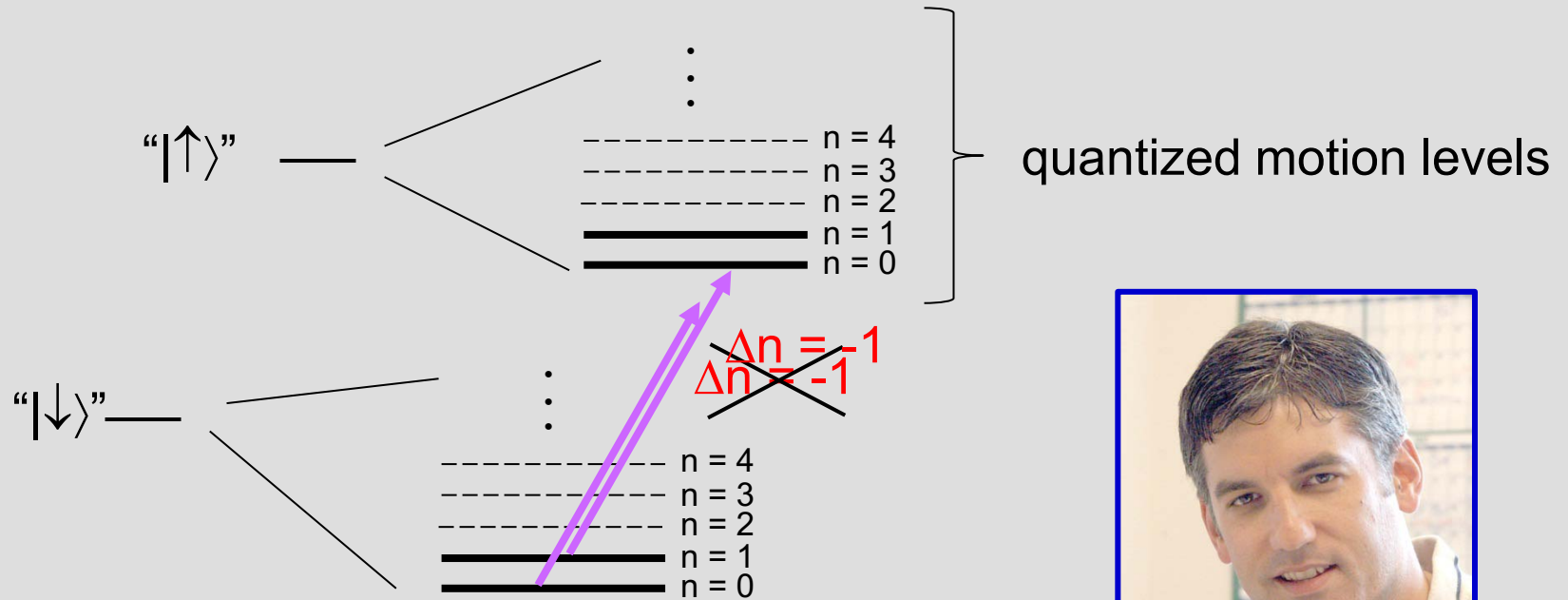
MOTION "DATA BUS"

(e.g., center-of-mass mode)



Motion qubit states

# Quantum logic gates?



Chris Monroe

## Simple example of quantum logic:

control bit (motion state)	target bit (atomic internal state)
$n = 1$	$ \downarrow\rangle \rightarrow  \uparrow\rangle$
$n = 0$	$ \downarrow\rangle \rightarrow  \downarrow\rangle$

“Controlled-NOT” gate between motion and atom’s internal state

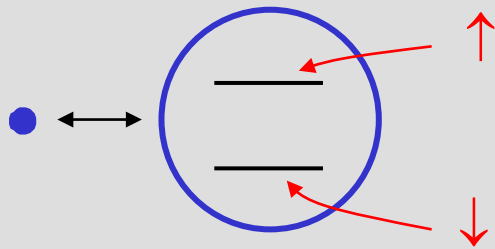
C. Monroe, D. M. Meekhof, B. E. King, W. M. Itano, and D. J. Wineland, Phys. Rev. Lett. 75, 4714 (1995).



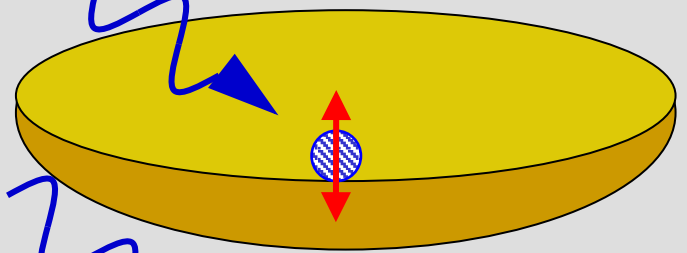
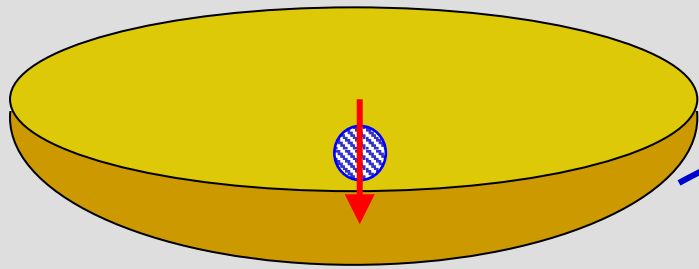
Atomic ion experimental groups  
pursuing Quantum Information Processing:

Aarhus	MIT
Amherst	NIST
Beijing (Tsinghua)	NPL
Berkeley	Osaka University
Duke	Oxford
ETH (Zürich)	Paris (Université Paris)
Freiburg	PTB, Braunschweig
Garching (MPQ)	Saarland
Georgia Tech	Sandia National Lab
Griffiths University	Siegen
Hannover	Simon Fraser University
Innsbruck	Singapore
JQI (U. Maryland)	Sussex
Lincoln Labs	Sydney
London (Imperial)	U. Washington
Mainz	Weizmann Institute

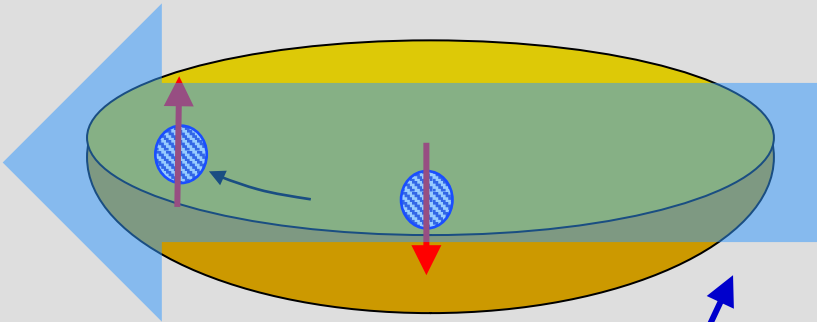
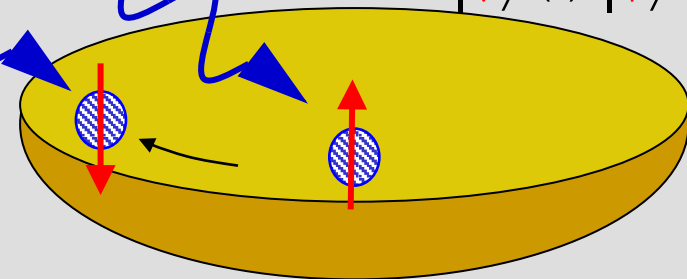
# Schrödinger's Cat?



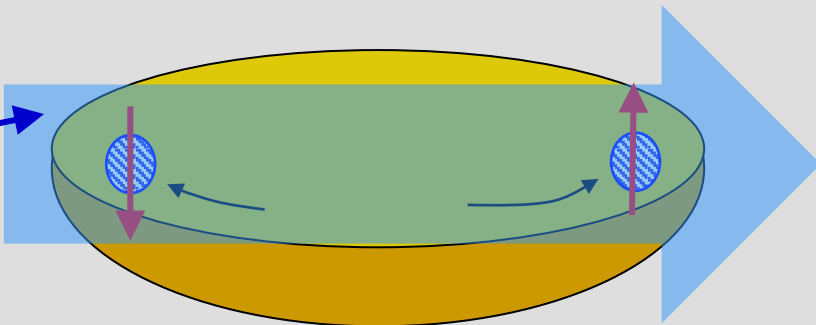
$$|\downarrow\rangle \rightarrow |\downarrow\rangle + |\uparrow\rangle$$



$$|\downarrow\rangle \leftrightarrow |\uparrow\rangle$$

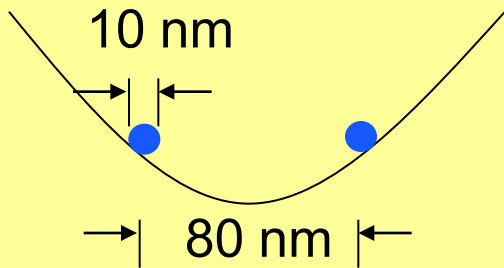
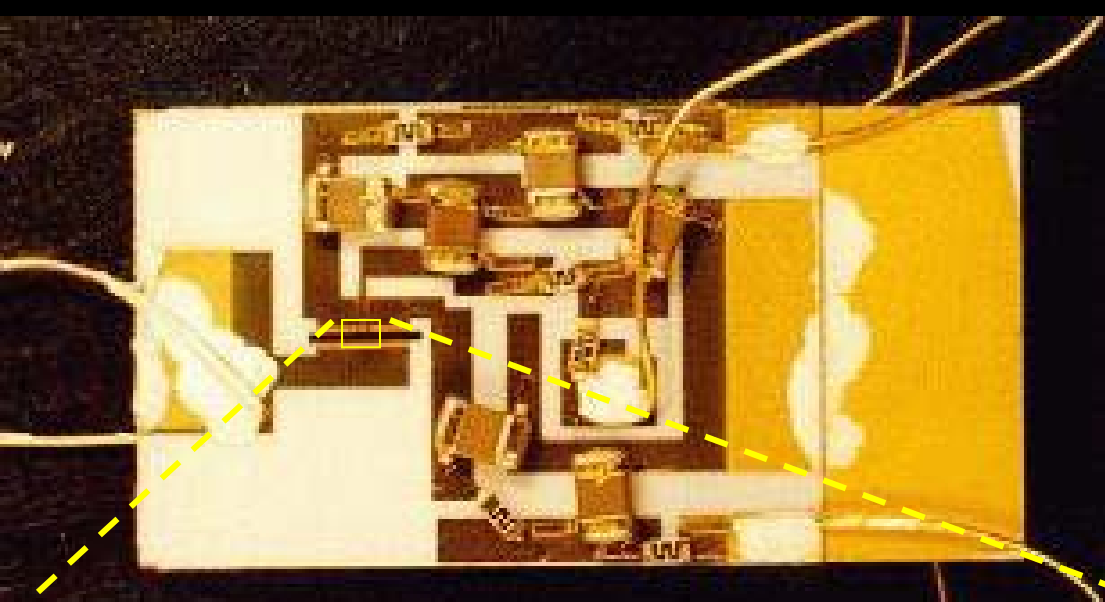


laser dipole force:  
 Force ( $\uparrow$ ) = F  
 Force ( $\downarrow$ ) = 0



$$\Psi = |\downarrow\rangle|\text{LEFT}\rangle + |\uparrow\rangle|\text{RIGHT}\rangle$$

# atomic Schrödinger “kitten”



trapped  
 ${}^9\text{Be}^+$  ion



Letter to *Science* (273, 860 (1996)):

“Kitten”...seems needlessly  
macroscopic as a metaphor  
for a single trapped atom.  
How about “Schrödinger’s furrball?”

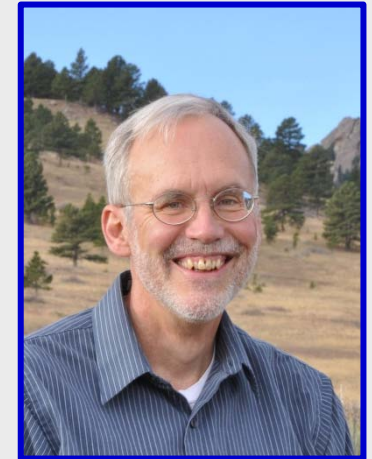
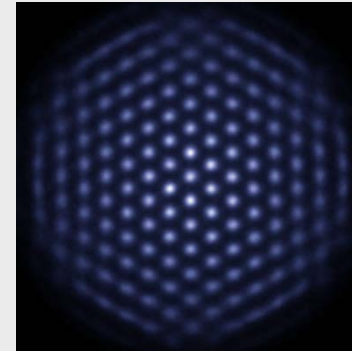
Andrew Ahlgren, U. of Minnesota, Minneapolis, MN

# Quantum Information Processing with ions

- gates, simple algorithm implementations  
many groups including NIST
- simulations of other quantum systems (S. Lloyd,...)
- ◇ e.g., interacting oscillating ion dipoles  
simulate quantum magnets
  - C. Monroe et al., U. Maryland
  - T. Schätz et al., Freiburg;
  - J. Bollinger et al., NIST
  -
- universal (digital) quantum simulator  
R. Blatt et al., Innsbruck



Didi Leibfried



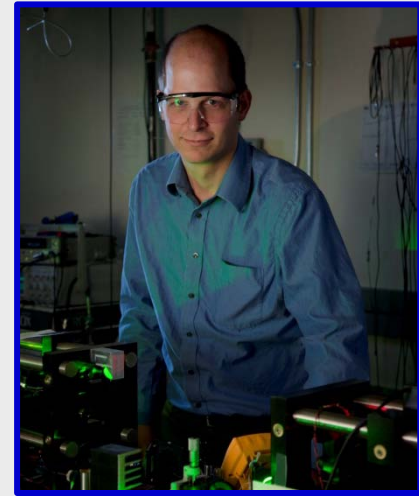
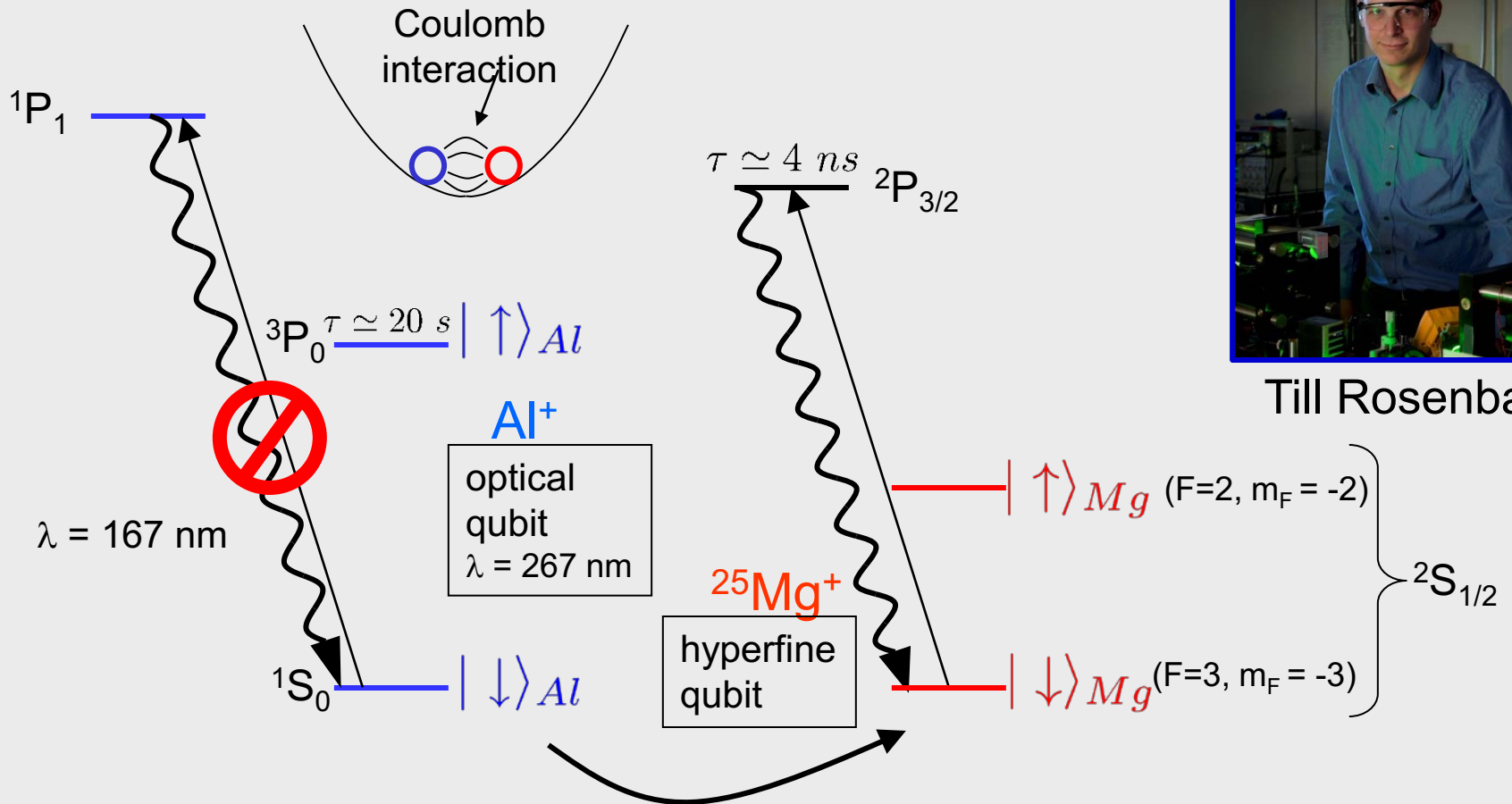
John Bollinger

Rainer Blatt



and many more...

# Al<sup>+</sup> “quantum-logic clock” (T. Rosenband et al.)



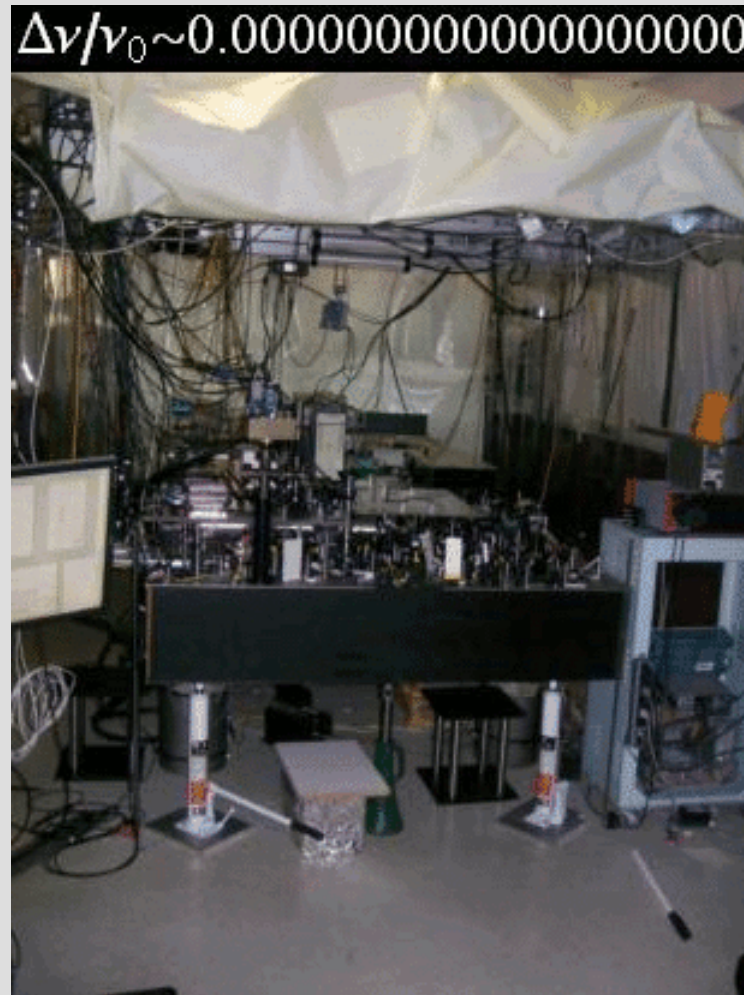
Till Rosenband

$$\alpha |\downarrow\rangle_{Al} + \beta |\uparrow\rangle_{Al} \rightarrow \text{motion superposition} \rightarrow \alpha |\downarrow\rangle_{Mg} + \beta |\uparrow\rangle_{Mg}$$

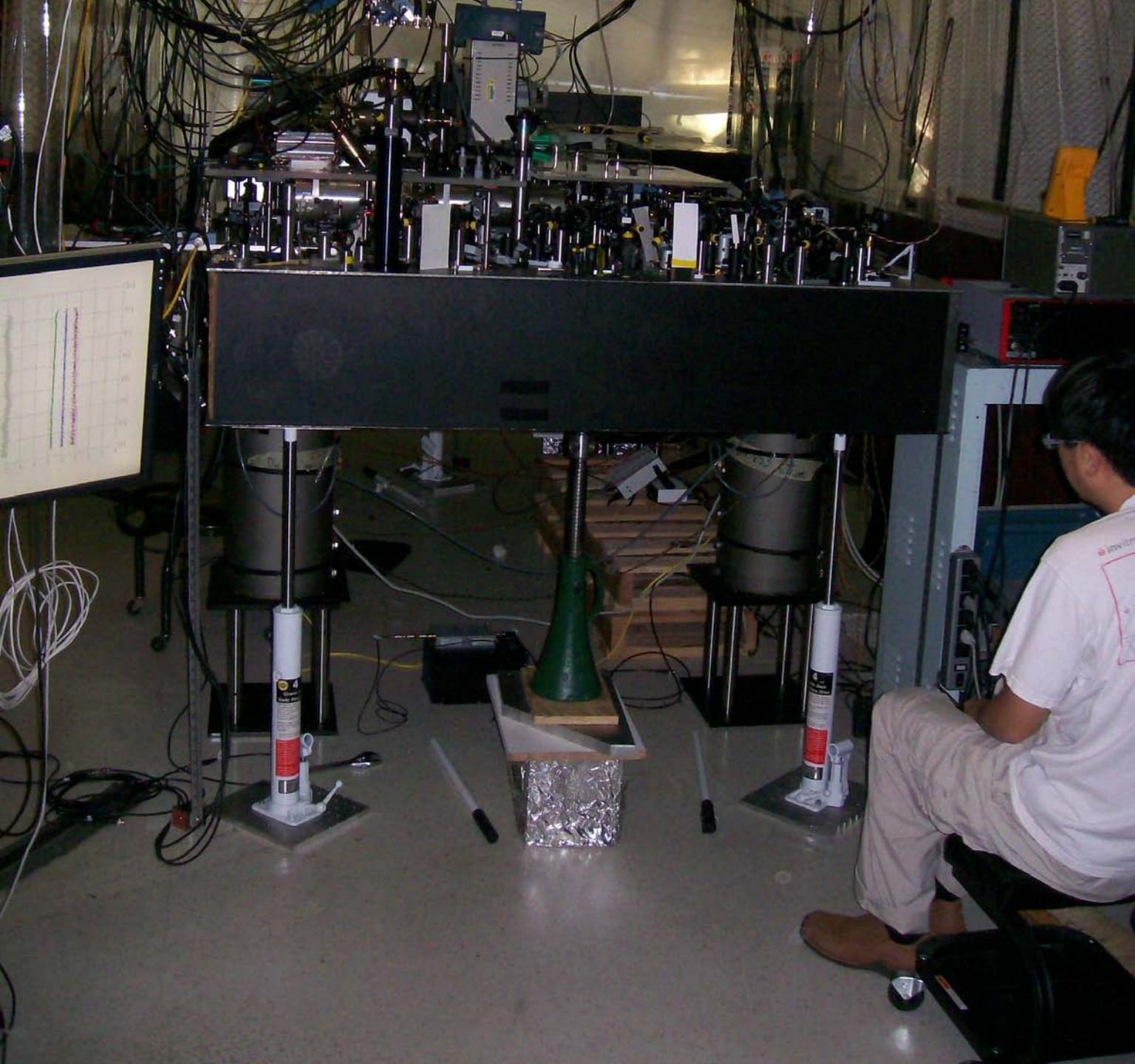
- ◇ laser-cooled Mg<sup>+</sup> keeps Al<sup>+</sup> cold
- ◇ Mg<sup>+</sup> used to calibrate  $\langle B^2 \rangle$  from all sources
- ◇ collisions observed by ions switching places
- ◇ .....

⇒ systematic uncertainty  $\approx 10^{-17}$

# James Chou with “portable” Al<sup>+</sup> clock



measure  
gravitational potential  
red shift

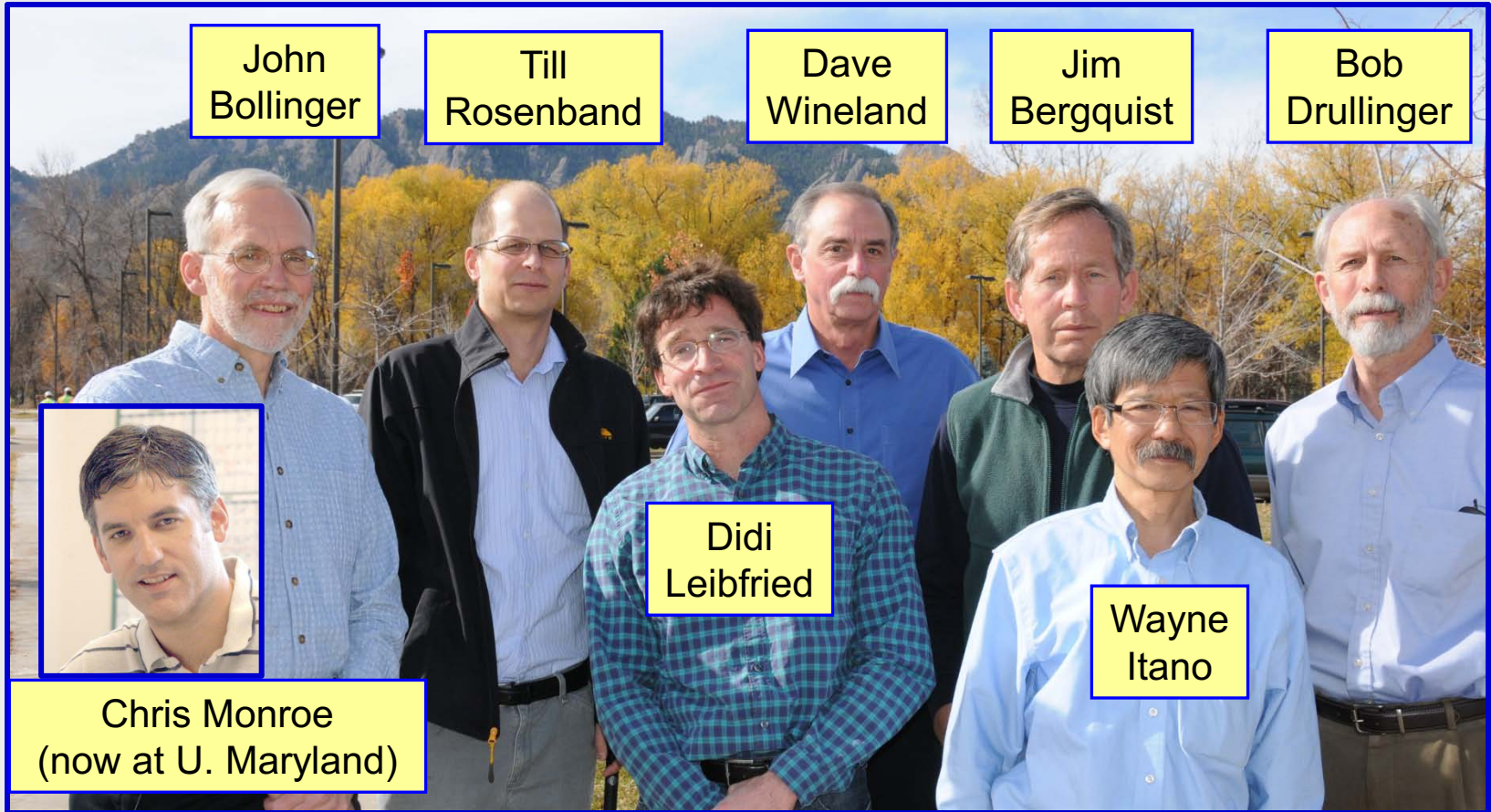


$\Delta h = 33 \text{ cm}$   
predict  
 $36 \times 10^{-18}$

measure  
 $41 \pm 16 \times 10^{-18}$

# NIST group: collaboration of many people

- 



- plus students, postdocs, visitors (> 100)

- institutional support

Helmut Hellwig, Sam Stein, Don Sullivan, Tom O'Brian, Katharine Gebbie...





And good friends along the way!

Exposition

11 septembre 2009  
11 janvier 2010

Musée Jacquemart-André  
Institut de France

BRUEGEL  
MEMLING  
VAN EYCK...

La collection Brukenthal

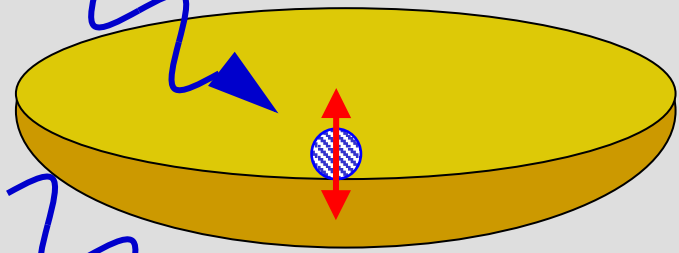
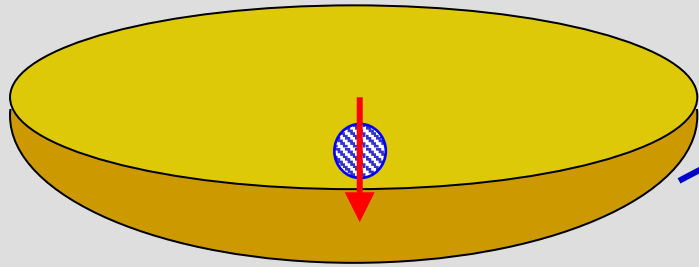
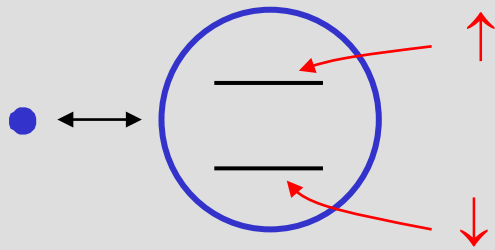
une exposition  culturespaces

7 jours sur 7, 10h à 18h  
Nocturne : lundi, jusqu'à 21h30

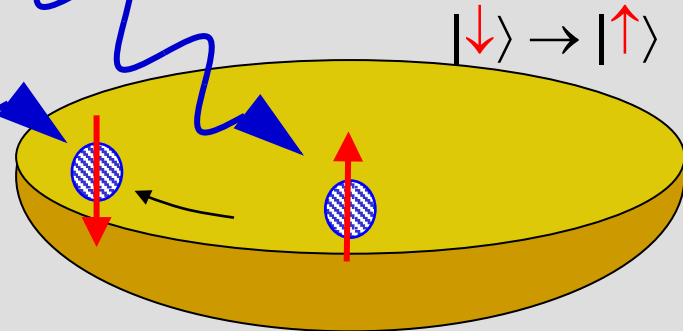
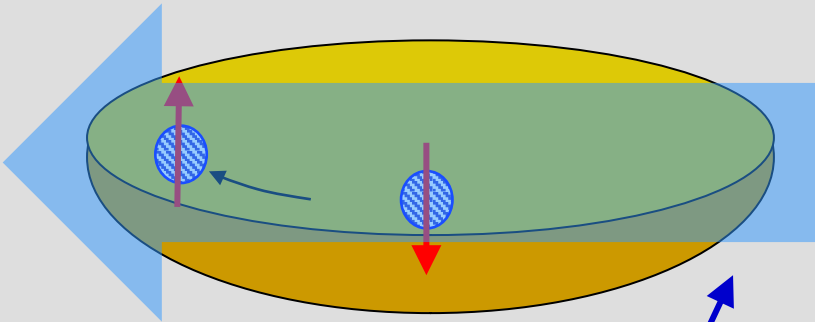
 

[www.musee-jacquemart-andre.fr](http://www.musee-jacquemart-andre.fr)

# Schrödinger's Cat?

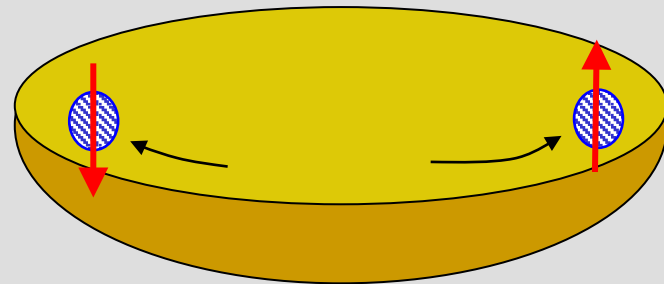


$$|\downarrow\rangle \rightarrow |\downarrow\rangle + |\uparrow\rangle$$



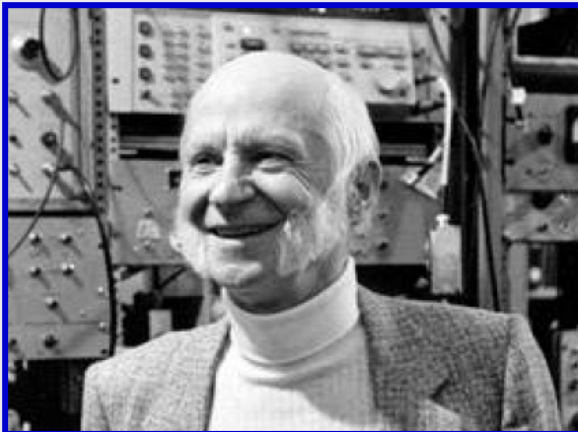
$$|\downarrow\rangle \rightarrow |\uparrow\rangle$$

laser dipole force:  
 Force ( $\uparrow$ ) = F  
 Force ( $\downarrow$ ) = 0



$$\Psi = |\downarrow\rangle|\text{LEFT}\rangle + |\uparrow\rangle|\text{RIGHT}\rangle$$

# On to Hans Dehmelt's lab: trapped electrons/ions



Hans Dehmelt

