

Table 2a. Pride and Satisfaction Derived from the Job (on a scale of 1 – 10) and the Number Reported Satisfied (in per cent)

	Job involvement (pride derived from the job)	Job satisfaction	Feel satisfied with life	Feel satisfied with home life	Implied satisfaction with life outside home	Feel happy
United States	9.7	7.8	81%	87%	75%	41%
Canada	9.0	7.9	84%	89%	79%	30%
Great Britain	9.3	7.4	74%	85%	63%	38%
France	5.7	6.8	59%	72%	46%	25%
Italy	6.7	7.3	71%	81%	61%	16%
Germany	6.0	7.0	71%	76%	66%	16%
Japan	7.3	NA	53%	62%	44%	18%

Survey results from Human Beliefs and Values Survey, Inglehart et al

Table 2b. Circumstantial Evidence and Other Performance Indicators

	Male labor force in % of working-age men, 2003	Female labor force in % of working-age women, 2003	Employment in % of the labor force 2003	Labor compensation per worker 1996	Market output per hour in 1992
United States	85%	70%	94%	\$31,994	100
Canada	85%	69%	92%	\$23,751	-
Great Britain	85%	67%	95%	\$22,008	73
France	76%	61%	90%	\$24,192	92
Italy	76%	45%	91%	\$21,822	-
Germany	79%	62%	91%	\$23,946	92

Men in the labor force in % of working age men and employment in % of the labor force are computed for 2003 (OECD); labor compensation per worker is computed as the ratio of total compensation to the labor force using 1996 data (Extended Penn World Tables); market output per hour worked is for 1992 (Solow/Baily)